

THE BRITISH COLONIST

IS PUBLISHED
EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays Excepted),
AT VICTORIA, V. I.

TERMS:
Per Annum, in advance, by Mail, \$10 00
For Six Months, 6 00
Per Week, payable to the Carrier, 25
Single Copies, 10
Advertisements inserted on the most reasonable terms.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Is furnished to Subscribers for \$6 a year; \$4 for six months; \$2 50 for three months; payable in advance.

NOTICE:
L. P. FISHER is our only authorized Agent for the collecting of advertisements, etc., in San Francisco.

AGENTS.
John Meakin, Nanaimo.
S. T. Tilley, New Westminster.
B. Bayley, Yale.
B. Bayley, Port Alexander.
Robinson's Express, Simulkeene.
M. Merritt, Port Hope.
Kimball & Gladwin, Yale.
W. Humph, Lillooet.
Capt. Peterson, Lytton City.
Thos. Meldrum, Williams' Lake, B. C.
Gilbert Gowdie, Antler City, B. C.
Barnard's Express, Forks Quicenne, B. C.
L. P. Fisher, San Francisco.
F. Algar, Clement's Lane, London.
G. Street, London.

EX STEAMER
"THAMES!"

LANCLEY BRO'S.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
FROM LONDON DIRECT,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

DRUGS,
PERFUMERY

FANCY TOILET ARTICLES!

From F. S. Cleaver:

HONEY SOAP,
HONEY AND ALMOND SOAP,
GLYCERINE SOAP,
BROWN WINDSOR SOAP,
SUNFLOWER SOAP,
TRANSPARENT SOAP,
CASTOR OIL POMADE,
ESSENCE FRANGIPANIA,
ESSENCE JOCKEY CLUB,
KISS QUICK,
BLUE AND OPAL JUG ESSENCES.

From Eugene Rimmel:

DRESSING CASES,
FANCY TOILET BOXES,
SANITARY SPONGES,
FRUIT SOAPS,
VAPORIZERS,

From Henry Turner & Co:

INFANT'S FOOD,
MEDICINE SPOONS,
PATENT FOUNTAIN FEEDING
BOTTLES, &c.

From Geo. Curling & Co.:

CURLING'S COD LIVER OIL,
CURLING'S COLD PRESSED CAS-
TOR OIL,
CURLING'S CITRATE OF MAG-
NESIA,
CURLING'S SEIDLITZ POWDERS.

—ALSO—

A large Invoice of

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT

see 2plm

THE

VANCOUVER COAL-MINING CO.,

INCORPORATED UNDER THE JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACTS, 1856 AND 1857, WHEREBY THE LIABILITIES OF THE SHAREHOLDERS ARE LIMITED TO THE AMOUNT OF THEIR SHARES.

Capital £100,000, in 10,000 Shares of £10 each.

Deposit £1 per share on application, and £1 10s on Allotment.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. Mr. JUSTICE HALIBURTON, M. P., Chair-
man of the Canadian Land and Emigration Com-
pany.
GEORGE CAMPBELL, Esq., (H. N. Dickson &
Co., London; Dickson, Campbell & Co., Victoria,
V. I.; Dickson, De Wolf & Co., San Francisco.)
Hon. G. W. WENTWORTH FITZWILLIAM, M.
P., Alwalton, Peterborough.
JOSEPH FRY, Esq., (Messrs. Treueman & Fry,
Gresham House,) Director of the Canada Agency
Associations.
JAMES V. H. IRWIN, Esq., F. R. G. S., 7, Here-
ford Square, South Kensington.
PHILADELPHUS SELBY, Esq., J. Lowndes Street, Di-
rector of the Canada Agency Association.

Solicitors—Messrs. Freshfields & Newman, Bank
Buildings.
Bankers—Messrs. Roberts, Lubbock & Co., London;
The Chartered Bank of British Columbia and Van-
couver Island, Victoria.
Broker—G. W. Price, Esq., 51 Threadneedle street,
Secretary—H. Winfield Grace, Esq.,
Offices—16 Gresham House, Old Broad street.
Resident Manager at Nanaimo, C. J. NICOL, Esq.

This Company have purchased the extensive Coal
Fields and property of the Hudson Bay Company at
Nanaimo, and a few shares having been reserved for
sale to the public.

Application for shares will be received by
DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Wharf street.

CO-PARTNERSHIPS.

Copartnership Notice.

WE HAVE THIS DAY TAKEN INTO
partnership Mr. Frank J. Roscoe, and will
continue to carry on our business in future under
the style of FELLOWS & ROSCOE.

ARTHUR FELLOWS & CO.
Victoria, August H. 1862.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BRITISH COLONIST:—SIR:
In reference to the extraordinary notice which ap-
pears in your paper of this morning, signed by "J.
W. Tripp," and dated from Stickeen the 8th August,
inst., I beg to state on behalf of Mr. James T. Bybee,
my co-partner, and myself, that the partnership for-
merly existing between us and the said J. W. Tripp
was legally dissolved, so far as respects the said J.
W. Tripp, and on the following grounds, viz:

1st. That the said J. W. Tripp received certain
moneys for hire, sold on account of the partnership,
without accounting to his co-partners for the same,
and in San Juan Isle, and in the early part of
June last left the same altogether, without apprising
me or my co-partner of his intention so to do, at the
same time he took with him a quantity of tools and
provisions, our property.

2nd. That he neglected his duties in the Eureka
Works in San Juan Isle, and in the early part of
June last left the same altogether, without apprising
me or my co-partner of his intention so to do, at the
same time he took with him a quantity of tools and
provisions, our property.

3rd. That he obtained goods at Victoria in the
name of the firm without paying for them, and took
the same with him for his own benefit; and that he
has not since returned; my partner and self having
been compelled to pay for such goods as improperly
obtained by the said J. W. Tripp.

On these grounds counsel advised that a dissolution
might legally be effected, and which has been done
accordingly. Any further interference by or on the
part of the said J. W. Tripp, by himself or Agent,
will cause them to be dealt with according to law.

GEO. ROBERTS.
Government street, Victoria, August 25th, 1862.

Witness, ROBERT BISHOP
au26 1m

E. STAMP & CO.,

Commission Merchants,
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.,
Offer for sale on advantageous terms

RUM—(3) over proof;
WHISKY—Fine Old Scotch
BRANDY—Different brands;
OLD TOM;
SHERRY—In bulk;
PORT—All packages;
CLARET—Chateau la Rose;
CHAMPAGNE.

—ALSO—
PORTER—Byass' bottling;
" Hibbert's "
" Friend's "
" Marzetti's "
ALE—Friend's bottling "
" Bass' "
" Hibbert's "
" Byass' "
" Allsopp's, in bulk;
" Bass' "

—ALSO—
Crease's best London Ground Lead.
Thornton's Soap, 18-lb boxes;
Duchesses Slates;
European Rope, all sizes;
Hemp Canvases, all numbers;
Indian Muskets, in good order;
Sporting Powder, coarse and fine;
Blankets for Indian Trade;
Dogfish Oil, etc., etc. au22 1m

THE

CHARTERED BANK

OF
British Columbia and Vancouver Island,
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Capital, \$1,250,000.
IN 12,500 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH,
WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount
not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility
granted to traders and others for the transaction
of business.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS issued for money lodged for
fixed periods, bearing the following rates of Interest:
On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of
2 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of
1 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of
1 per cent. per annum.
On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of
1 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest
payable half yearly, and the principal not due
until the expiry of the period for which the money
is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills dis-
counted, and advances made upon Bills of Lading,
(accompanied by Policies of Insurance), for goods
shipped to or from the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on Great
Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San
Francisco, and bills on these places purchased or
sent for collection.

CREDITS issued on Great Britain, San Francisco
and New York, authorizing payment for Goods
shipped from those ports to the Colonies; all such
shipments to be insured and hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES received for
safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on
withdrawing the same. Interest and Dividends col-
lected on account of constituents at the rate of one-
half per cent on the amount collected, if payable in
Victoria.

GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or advances
made upon the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
Victoria, September 12, 1862.

THE

CHARTERED BANK

OF
British Columbia and Vancouver Island
THE VICTORIA BRANCH OF THIS
BANK will be opened for business on WEDNES-
DAY, the 17th inst.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
Victoria, V. I., 12th Sept., 1862.

ROYAL MAIL

Steam Packet
Company's Agency,
For British Columbia & Van-
couver Island.

OFFICE, MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,
Yates Street.

THE ATTENTION OF SHIPPERS
and passengers is particularly directed to the
superior facilities the Royal Mail Steam Packet Com-
pany's Line affords for the speedy conveyance of
Freight, Goods and Passengers to and from England
to British Columbia and Vancouver Island, in con-
nection with the Pacific Mail Steamship Com-
pany's Vessels and the Panama Railroad.

The superiority of the accommodation and enter-
tainment on board the Royal Mail Steamers, together
with the time occupied on the passage between Eng-
land and Aspinwall direct being so much shorter
than by any other route, and the moderate rate of
passage money, render this Company's steamers the
CHEAPEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS
OF TRANSIT, for passengers or for the forwarding
of Goods and Freight to America.

Under an arrangement with the PACIFIC MAIL
STEAMSHIP CO., Specie and Bullion can be con-
veyed to London and Havre in France.

Further information on the subject of Freight
and Passage Money will be furnished by the under-
signed.

ALEX. D. MACDONALD,
Agent.

MACDONALD & CO.,
Yates street, Victoria, V. I.

SELL EXCHANGE drawn at sight or on
time, on
Count & Co., London.
Bank of State of New York, New York
San Francisco, California.
Portland, Oregon.

GOLD DUST and Bullion purchased at the high-
est rates.

ADVANCES MADE on gold dust left for assay
at Government Assay Office, New West
minster; or if sent for assay or coinage
to United States and American mints, at the
option of the customer.

Collections made on reasonable terms, and a
General Banking Business Transacted
Victoria, V. I., Jan 17, 1862 au20-3m

Schloss & Livingston,

BANKERS.
BRICK BUILDING, No. 12, Yates st., Victoria, V. I.,
WILL BUY GOLD DUST, BULLION AND
EXCHANGE.

Draw Drafts on San Francisco, California.
" " " Portland, Oregon.
" " " New York City.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS AND ISSUE CERTIFI-
cates of deposit. Parties in the interior may re-
mit gold dust to us direct, which we will buy or have
assayed, and allow the best market price. Owners
can draw against proceeds or instruct us as to dis-
position.

Advances made on gold dust shipped by us to the
U. S. Mint at San Francisco for coinage.

BENJAMIN SCHLOSS, Victoria.
FRANK LIVINGSTON, San Francisco.

Barnard's Express!

HITHERTO RUNNING BETWEEN
VICTORIA, V. I., and LYTON, B. C., will, on
and after the 7th July next, be merged into the
British Columbia & Victoria Express Co.

P. J. BARNARD.
VICTORIA, V. I., 23d June, 1862.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

—AND—
Victoria

EXPRESS CO.

(CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.)

THE FIRST REGULAR WEEKLY EXPRESS
to Cariboo will be dispatched from Victoria, July
7th, leaving Douglas and Yale on the arrival of the
Steamers at those points. The Express via Douglas
and Lillooet will connect at Williams Lake with the
Express via Yale and Lytton; and thence to Antler
and Lillooet will be dispatched to the vari-
ous mining camps.

Relying on the support of a discerning public, the
undersigned have spared no expense in their ar-
rangements, nor will any effort be wanting on their
part to render the route the most safe and speedy means of
conveyance to and from the mines.

P. J. BARNARD,
au24

WRIGHT & SANDERS,

ARCHITECTS,
Office—CORNER YATES AND LANGLEY STS.,
Victoria, V. I. au2

BANKING..EXPRESSES.

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P. J. BARNARD,
au24

FOR SALE—TO LET.

Farming Land

TO LEASE, WITH POWER TO PURCHASE,
WITHIN THREE MILES OF TOWN,
in the Victoria District, a tract of excellent
Farming Land, in many places cleared and ready
to plough, in quantities to suit and on favorable
terms. For further particulars apply to
LEOPOLD LOWENBERG,
Real Estate Agent,
Government street, bet. Broughton and Fort sts.
se7

Building Land at Nanaimo.

TO LET,
TWO LOTS OF LAND SITUATED IN
the centre of the Town, on Front street, oppo-
site Colonial school and Episcopal Church, and ad-
joining the site of the new Court House.

Apply to
W. H. FRANKLYN, J. P.,
Nanaimo.
se4 11

Money to Loan

ON GOOD SECURITY, IN SUMS TO
suit.
Apply to
JOHN J. COCHRANE,
Government st.
se2 1m

Indian Reserve.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE
Indian Reserve having appointed the under-
signed as agent for leasing the unoccupied portions
of the above property, parties desirous of renting
the same will please apply to
JOHN J. COCHRANE,
Land Agent, Government street
se2 1m

To Lease for 15 Years.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE VICTO-
ria Market having resolved to remove the
Market and carry Broad street through the
centre of the property for the purpose of leasing the
same on easy terms, parties desirous of renting any
part of the above will please apply at the office of
JOHN J. COCHRANE,
Land Agent, Government street.
se2 1m

Livery Stable Business

FOR SALE.
THE PROPRIETOR HAVING URG-
ent business calling him to England, is desirous
of disposing of the Stock, Lease and Good Will of
the same, on the most advantageous terms.
For further particulars apply to
W. CULVERWELL,
Yates street.
se3 2w

Farm for Lease.

HILLSIDE FARM, 1 1/2 MILES FROM
Victoria, with Barns and all necessary buildings
and two commodious Dwelling House.
The Farm contains 120 Acres, will be let either
entire or in sections, to suit the convenience of ten-
ants. 200 Acres are enclosed and cultivated, about
60 Acres laid down in Timothy and 10 Acres in Pas-
ture with Ryegrass and Clover.
Stock and Crops may be taken at a valuation if
early application be made.

5-ACRE LOTS along the Saanich Road for
Lease on liberal terms.

HAY FOR SALE at the Farm.
For further particulars apply to Mr. DRAKE, 63
Government street, Victoria.
Press copy. au30

For Sale.

A COMMODIOUS DWELLING
House situated on Bligh street, with a gar-
den well stocked with fruit trees and a well of
excellent water. For particulars apply to
JOHN J. COCHRANE,
Land Agent, Government street.
au22

TO LET,

IN THE BRICK BUILDING RECENTLY
erected by the late Mr. BELL, in the street, ad-
joining LARGO'S up stairs, admirably adapted
for Offices. Can be seen on application to Mr. MAR-
VIN, Hardware Store, underneath.
au21

Lytton Steam Sawmill.

A ONE-HALF INTEREST IN THIS
property is now offered for sale to close a suc-
cession. For particulars apply to G. B. WRIGHT,
at Lillooet, B. C., or MORTIMER COOK, Lytton
City.
au31 1d4w

NATHAN POINTER,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods
GOVERNMENT STREET,
in the lower story of
British Colonist Fire-Proof Building,
Two doors South of the Post Office, Victoria, V. I.
Is now prepared to offer the largest assortment of
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods ever exhibited in
Victoria, consisting of Messrs. Davis & Jones' Patent
Shirts, (of New York), and L. Atkinson's Improved
Shoulder Seam Patent Shirts, (of Philadelphia)
Just received, the latest styles of
BALTIMORE SHIRTS,
from London. Also, a fine lot of pure Baltic Stock-
ings and Hose, Gents' Shaker Flannel Undershirts and
Drawers. Also, a fine lot of Derby and Saxony
Gentlemen's Silk Scarves,
a new style of Gents' Fine Cassimere Comforters and
Opera Scarfs, the latest styles of Davis & Jones' cele-
brated superline patent
White and Colored Shirts,
and is also receiving by every Steamer those beautiful
BYRON SHIRTS,
of all sizes, varying from 13 to 20 inches around the
neck. Ladies should call and examine those
Baltic Stockings,
for winter wear. Orders sent through Express for
Shirts, by sending the size of the neck, I will guar-
antee to fit. Orders filled for all parts of
British Columbia & Puget Sound.
I shall receive fresh Goods by every arrival from
London. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, ex-
cellent assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S GLOVES,
for the Fall and Winter trade.
—A L S O—
a fine lot of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas,
fine finish. The Gloves consist of some 75 dozen
pairs, of various kinds. The Crimean Blue Over-
shirts, weighing two and a half pounds, with double
backs. Very strong to piece. Business hours, from 6
A. M. to 10 P. M.
A. F. MAIN. [DANIEL SCOTT.
au23 1md4w

A. F. MAIN & CO.,

Merchandise and Money Brokers,
OFFICE ON FORT STREET,
Above Marvin & Co.'s Hardware Store.
Loans Negotiated.
Victoria, V. I., August 26, 1862. au27 11

TO ADVERTISERS.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

JOB PRINTING.

Book and Job Printing of every description neatly executed. Terms, cash on delivery of the work.

Steamer Colonist.

The WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST, ready for mailing by the steamer, will be ready at 11 o'clock this morning, and can be obtained at any of the book-stores, or at the publication office.

Amendment of the Road Act.

There is no subject of more importance to a new community than the enactment of proper provisions for the construction and maintenance of good public roads and thoroughfares. They must be had at whatever cost. Property is utterly useless and unavailing without them. They are the veins and arteries through whose channel life is infused into any locality. No comfort, no convenience, no progress can be expected where they are neglected. Every individual must therefore feel interested in the condition and prospects of our highways, and the working of the system under which they are at the present time managed. We are sorry to learn that matters are not as satisfactory as they should be. Complaints are becoming more frequent of the various defects which are found to exist in the present Road Act. We anticipated, upon the first appearance of that enactment, that it would not answer the purpose sought to be gained by its authors, and time has only too fully realized the opinion we then formed. From all sides the Commissioners are subjected to considerable annoyance from the dissatisfaction existing on account of the deficiencies disclosed by the carrying out of the present system. The chief fault found seems to be in the unfairness of the principle by which the imposition of statute labor is now regulated. The sixth section of the Act provides that "every male person above eighteen years of age permanently resident, and every male or female being entitled to any interest in any real estate in any of the Road Districts, shall perform six days labor upon the public highway of the District in which he or she shall reside or have such interest as aforesaid, and if entitled to any interest as aforesaid in more than one hundred acres, or part of one hundred acres, in which he or she shall have such interest as aforesaid, two extra days labor for each additional one hundred acres, or portion of one hundred acres." The statute labor may be also done by substitution, or may be compounded for before the Commissioners at the cash rate of six shillings and three pence per man per day. It will be perceived that a person owning a lot of say twenty feet frontage in any of the Road Districts is liable to as many days' labor as his richer neighbor who can boast of owning one hundred acres. Any man with the least pretensions to common sense must admit that the latter land owner derives far more benefit from anything done to improve the roads in his District than his poorer neighbor. Why should a man be taxed at all unless it be to compel him to contribute to the expense, of the benefits of which he is the recipient by his residence in the community? And surely no principle could be fairer or more equitable than that he should be taxed in proportion to the advantage he derives and the interest he has in the country. Now, who will deny that the owner of a hundred acres on the roads leading out of Victoria, for instance, and close by the city, is not more benefited in the increased value of his property than the proprietor of a little lot in Esquimalt. Take the property of the Puget Sound Company, for example. We suppose that not an acre of that can be bought for less than £20, if indeed for so little. That would give £2000 as the value of 100 acres. On the other hand, we may set down the value of a small lot in Esquimalt at £50. One may easily calculate how many £50 lots could be carved out of the 100 acres just mentioned. Yet, absurd to say, the little town lot and 100 acre lot are each liable for the same number of days' labor on the roads, or to the same commuted tax of \$9 37 1/2. But this is not all. When a man has more than 100 acres, one would naturally suppose that he ought to contribute proportionately for all above that quantity. A man is bound to give six days' labor for any quantity under 100 acres; why not give twelve days for anything between 100 and 200 acres, and eighteen days for any number of acres between 200 and 300 acres, and so on. That would be the legitimate course to pursue if the principle upon which the Act was compiled were consistently carried out. If 100 acres be supposed liable for the labor tax of one man, that is \$9 37 1/2, by what process of reasoning ought 200 acres to pay only about \$13 50, which is the case as the law now stands? Was the law made to bear equally on all classes in proportion to their interest in the country, or the benefit they may derive from whatever improvement may be carried on, or was it intended only for the special advantage of a few companies and individuals holding large tracts of land, making other people—poor men struggling to make their way in the world—pay for them? We confess that it appears to us very much like it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Nuisance Committee Report and W. B. Smith.

Following is the communication from Mr. W. B. Smith in reply to the report of the Nuisance Committee as to the sanitary state of his premises, and the reply of the Council thereto:

To the Mayor and Councillors of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN—Seeing that the Committee of Nuisances, in their report to you, have expressed rather strongly against a nuisance on my premises, I wish to correct any wrong impression which may have been formed in your minds respecting the cesspool named is quite an error on the part of the Committee, as there is no nuisance whatever from my cesspool; but with regard to the stagnant water, there is, I much regret to say, a nuisance—to no one a twentieth part as much as to myself and family—but which I have hitherto found it impossible to rid myself of. There are in close proximity to my premises, four cesspools in the respective lots of Mr. Gambell, the Adelphi, and two at the bank, the effluvia of which leaks into my cellar. I have at various times endeavored to make arrangements with the owners of all the surrounding lots to carry a drain through their property; I have offered to pay all expenses connected with it. I have even offered money, and to no one more than Mr. Gambell, who apparently makes the complaint, but have not yet been successful. With respect to the water from my roof, the Committee cannot have been on my premises, or they would see that no water comes from my roof to the adjoining lots, but there is a large quantity from the buildings occupied by Goldsberg, Messrs. Franklin, Jamison, and shaving saloon of Geiger & Hegele, and Mr. Pearce. You will, therefore, see that instead of me annoying my neighbors, I am really put to great expense and a sad and grievous inconvenience by the nuisances of those around me. I should not thus write, but understand that this has been brought against me more with a personal view than on public grounds. However, none will rejoice more than I when, in consequence of a proper system of drainage throughout the town, there will be no nuisance on the premises of

Yours respectfully, W. B. SMITH.

Aug. 6th, 1862.

OFFICE CITY CORPORATION.

VICTORIA, V. I., Sept. 13th, 1862.

WM. B. SMITH, Esq., &c., &c., Victoria: Sir—I am directed to inform you that your communication of the 6th ultimo has been laid before the Council, when a resolution was taken and adopted to the following effect, viz: That Mr. W. B. Smith's communication, as addressed to the Mayor and Councillors of the City of Victoria, being both disrespectful and reflecting improperly on the Committee appointed under the Bill, be rejected. I am further to desire that in all further communications you may have occasion to address to the Mayor and Councillors of the City of Victoria, you will direct your communication to the City of Victoria, being both disrespectful and reflecting improperly on the Committee appointed under the Bill, be rejected.

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I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant, ALGERNON AUSTIN, Clerk of the Council pro tem.

W. B. SMITH, Esq., &c., &c., Victoria.

BANK

—OF—

British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid up Capital, . . . \$5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, ST. HELENS PLACE, LONDON.

VICTORIA BRANCH, YATES STREET.

Establishments in the Colonies.

MONTREAL, LONDON, C. W.,

QUEBEC, OTTAWA,

KINGSTON, DUNDAS,

TORONTO, ST. JOHN, N. B.,

HAMILTON, HALIFAX, N. S.,

BRANTFORD, VICTORIA, V. I.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

NEW YORK, R. C. FERGUSON, J. H. GRAIN,

J. SMITH, SAN FRANCISCO, B. DAVIDSON & MAX,

AUSTRALIA, UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Bills of Exchange and Gold Purchased.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON

LONDON, NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CANADA, NEW

BRUNSWICK, NOVA SCOTIA, and on all the Branches

of the NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, and the

PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND.

Credits granted on this office by the

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA,

AT MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE,

HOBART TOWN, LAUNCESTON,

SYDNEY, DUNEDIN, N. Z.

The Bank receives MONEY and GOLD DUST on De-

posit and sale of Stock, the Collection of Bills, and

other money business, in the United States and

British Provinces.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.

Victoria, V. I.

JUST RECEIVED,

EX

"Thames" & "Lockett."

PRINTED CALICOES AND CAM-

brics, Mulls, Children's Mantle Jackets, Childs,

Toweling, Damask Table Cloths, Cambric Handker-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION.

THURSDAY, Sept. 18th, 1862,

At 11 o'clock, A. M.,

J. A. McCREA

AT SALESROOM, WHARF STREET,

—ON A—

LIBERAL CREDIT,

WINES

—AND—

LIQUORS.

3 one-eighth casks Dew Drop whisky;

3 do. Miller's Whisky;

2 punchcoons Jamaica Rum;

1 bbl. New England Rum;

3 cases Club House Gin;

4 cases La Diard's Bitters;

3 cases Cabinet Whisky;

1 pipe Holland Gin;

3 pkgs Old Tom, Swain, Bouras & Co.'s;

4 one-eighth pkgs Otard Brandy;

2 one-eighth pkgs Sherry Wine.

And a Variety of cases of Liquors just landed.

ALSO, FOR CASH,

1200 feet Oars, 6, 7, 10 and 11 feet.

—ALSO—

Groceries and Provisions,

sol6

The Island Hotel.

Brown & Cuswell, Proprietors,

NO. 86 GOVERNMENT STREET,

ADJOINING PATRICK'S,

Between Yates street and Johnson.

THIS COMMODIOUS HOTEL CON-

tains accommodation for 150 lodgers. Rooms

neatly furnished and well ventilated. Furniture

New. Board by the Day, Week or Month, payable in ad-

vance. The Proprietors having had several years experi-

ence in Hotel keeping, trust by undivided attention

to business to merit a share of public patronage.

sol6 lm

WANTED.

WANTED—A Teamster capable of ploughing

with horses or oxen.

WANTED—Two men accustomed to dig

ditches.

TENDERS will be received to clear some

swampy ground.

J. DESPARD PEMBERTON,

Gonzales Cottage.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

F. FABRE & CO.

Will Manufacture at the VICTORIA SOAP

WORKS, situated at Esquimalt, for the

WHOLESALE TRADE,

Commencing on the 1st of June, 1862,

No. 1 Chemical Olive Soap;

Family Pale Soap;

Extra Honey Toilet Soap,

AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

WANTED, in exchange for our Soaps, all kinds of

Tallow, clean Grease, at Cash Prices.

Orders respectfully solicited.

W. M. G. HALL,

FRANK FABRE, sol6

Victoria, 14th May, 1862.

G. VIGNOLO & CO., Wharf street, Sole Agents

for Victoria, V. I.

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,

No. 2 Reid's Block, Wharf street

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries and Provisions

—ALSO—

Importers and Agents for the best brands of French

Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments

of Havana Cigars by every steamer.

sol6 1/2

Gas!

Gas! Gas!

R. & J. Henderson,

Practical Gas Fitters,

Tinsmiths and Plumbers,

Wharf street.

HAVING received a large in-

voice of Gas Fittings and Lustrous,

per Lockett, direct from London, consist-

ing of relieved Branded and Lacquer-

ed Lusters, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,

Bronze Pendants, double and single jointed

Brackets, Pillars, &c., &c., suitable for Stores,

Billiard Rooms and Private Houses. R. & J. H.

beg to inform the citizens of Victoria that

they will be on view and for sale at their new

and commodious Store, in course of erec-

tion, situated on Fort street, between

Prad and Government streets, on and

after September 22d. Gas Fitting

executed in a thorough, work-

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Murder Last Night

At a quarter to nine o'clock last night, Mr. James Webster, senior member of the well known boat and shoe firm of Webster & Co., Yates street, was fatally shot on Kane street by George Lawrence, a returned Caribbee, under most distressing circumstances. Lawrence, it appears, had just reached his house, a small one-story building situated on Kane street, near Blanchard, having arrived on the Enterprise a short time before, when he heard a noise as if of some person raising a rear window, and upon proceeding outside, saw a man standing near the window with the evident intention of entering. Lawrence says he mistook the person for a man named Kanty, with whom he had had trouble while at Caribboe, and having unfortunately neglected while in the house to remove a five-shooter from his waist, immediately drew it forth and said, "Kanty, you son of a b—, you've destroyed the peace of myself and family," and fired. Mr. Webster, whom the victim subsequently proved to be, immediately turned and ran from the house towards Blanchard street, and when about ten yards distant from the house, Lawrence fired again, but the deceased continued to run, and was soon lost sight of in the darkness. A colored man, who witnessed the whole affair, and heard Lawrence call deceased Kanty, says the latter made no outcry, but continued to run, and that supposing Lawrence had missed his aim, he went about his business and thought no more of the affair; but about ten minutes subsequent to the shots being fired, a Mr. Booth, a carpenter residing on Rao street, near the residence of Mr. J. S. Drummond, heard groaning, and proceeding to the spot from whence the sound proceeded, found deceased lying prostrate on a heap of dirt. On asking him what had occurred, Mr. Webster replied that he had been shot—fatally wounded—without cause, by George Lawrence. He was assisted into Mr. Drummond's house, and Drs. Trimble and Dickson sent for, who, upon arriving, examined the wounds and found that both shots had taken effect—one having entered his stomach and passed entirely through his body to the spine, where it buried itself—inflicting the fatal wound; the other had entered his right shoulder, near the joint.

When told that he must die, the unfortunate man said that he had not expected to recover from the first, and began to make preparations for his fate as calmly as the pain which his wounds caused him would permit. His two younger brothers, who were fortunately in town, were summoned to his side and remained with him to the last, supporting their beloved relative in their arms and soothing his downward passage to the tomb by every means in their power which their grief-stricken hearts could suggest. Numerous friends also surrounded the bed of the dying man, and contributed towards his comfort. For about an hour and a quarter Mr. Webster seemed to suffer intense agony. About half-past ten o'clock he rested easier, and Lawrence, who had been arrested at his house by Sergeant Blake, was brought before him, but he was too far gone to recognize his slayer, and remained in a state of semi-stupor until five minutes to 11 o'clock, when he quietly breathed his last—the victim of a fatal mistake.

Before expiring, Mr. Webster made an *ante mortem* statement to the Coroner, Dr. Dickson, in which he accused George Lawrence of having committed the deed, and said that he was at a loss to account for it, as they were good friends. Lawrence wept bitterly when brought before Mr. Webster, and said that he thought the deceased was Kanty, a man who had foully wronged and maltreated him while at Caribboe, and seeing him around his house so enraged him that in the heat of the moment he drew the weapon and fired. From the position of the wounds it is believed that the deceased must have been backing away from the spot with his face towards Lawrence when he received the injuries.

Mr. Webster was greatly respected by all classes in the community with whom he was brought in contact, and his untimely end has caused universal regret. He was a native of Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, Eng., unmarried, aged about 38 years, and formerly resided in Sacramento, California. About three months ago he lost a brother-in-law, who was drowned by the upsetting of a boat on Fraser River.

Lawrence formerly kept bar for Mason & Balls. He is an Englishman by birth, and is only about five feet four inches in height. He has a wife and two or three children. When first arrested he denied having committed the deed, but while on his way to the Barracks he confessed to Sergeant Blake that he was guilty. The pistol was found secreted in a stove in Lawrence's house, several hours subsequent to the shooting.

AN IMPROVEMENT.—We are highly gratified to have it in our power to note an improvement in the hours kept at the Police Court. Yesterday morning operations were commenced only fifteen minutes behind time, and we live in hope that before the present week is over there will be a complete recovery from the late-hour disease which has so long afflicted the Magistrate; and when he has caused it to be publicly understood that the Court will always reassemble "sharp" at the hour to which it has been adjourned there will be no more hanging back on the part of counsel, or other interested parties. In this colony all the courts have frittered away too much valuable time, and it is now but right that they should pursue a different course. Yesterday we consider a marked improvement on previous days.

MADE HIS ESCAPE.—Keithley, the stabber of Jane Ashmore, is said to have escaped to San Juan Island in a canoe, on Saturday last; at least, such is the information which we have received at this office; but we would advise the police not to place too much faith in the report, as he may still be in town.

DEATH FROM SMALL POX.—Moses Fisher, aged 33, a native of Charleston, South Carolina, died yesterday at the small pox hospital of the disease in its confluent form. Deceased was lately from Caribboe, but formerly ran a handcart in this city. His remains were interred by the Israelites.

THE DEAD BODY IN THE WOODS.—The Coroner yesterday made an examination of the human body found in the woods near Finlayson's farm, and found it to be that of an Indian small pox patient, deceased about one week. Its interment was ordered.

THE STEAMER ENTERPRISE, with 130 passengers and \$120,000 in gold dust, arrived last night from New Westminster.

Grand Rumpus at the Town Council.

Who Owns the Police Barracks?

THE COUNCIL vs. THE "PETTY" MAGISTRATE.

Blood Talked but none Spilt!

Last night, agreeable to appointment, the Town Council met at the Police Barracks, but finding their usual place of meeting occupied by the Police Court, in session on the Seaman's Bride case, were compelled to assemble in a small room on the upper floor, almost destitute of accommodations for the carrying on of the public business.

His Worship, the Mayor, filled the chair, and having called the Council to order,

Mr. Copland, seconded by Mr. Stronach, moved that a note be addressed to the Magistrate, requesting an adjournment of the Court. The motion was carried, and a note signed by the clerk, stating that a pressure of business existed, and requesting that the Magistrate would be pleased to adjourn the Court to enable the Corporation to hold their usual sitting, was sent below. The following answer was returned:

"Mr. Pemberton presents his compliments to the Mayor of Victoria, and regrets that the very important case demands investigation, which will oblige him to occupy the Police Court this evening."

Victoria, V. L. 15th Sept., 1862.
P. S.—The room over the Police Court is unoccupied."

Upon the reading of the above note Mr. Copland moved that a peremptory demand be made on the "Petty" Magistrate for the room.

Mr. Hicks seconded the motion. There was a trust, he said, reposed in the Council by the people which they must now show they were not afraid to hold. They must stand boldly forward and do their duty as representatives of the city of Victoria.

Mr. Reid wanted the reply to be signed by the Mayor as Chief Magistrate of the city, which the mover agreed to.

The following note was then dictated to the Clerk and signed by the Mayor:

OFFICE OF CITY CORPORATION,
VICTORIA, Sept. 15, 1862.

Sir:—I am instructed by the Mayor to acknowledge the receipt of your note addressed to His Worship the Mayor, and at the same time to press upon you the necessity of granting the application by adjourning the court over which you preside, and for which purpose the Mayor is willing to grant ten minutes.

Mr. Copland had expected this trouble all along; it had come at last; the idea of a Petty Magistrate telling the Mayor to "go up stairs"!

The Mayor thought things had come to a climax sooner than he had expected; he had no policemen at his command, however, with whom to clear the Court-room.

Mr. Hicks—Yes, you have; swear in every man in town as a special.

His worship did not want to move too fast—no necessity to go too rapid.

Mr. Hicks—Yes; now's the time.

The Councilors by this time were all on their feet, and seemed very much excited at the prospect of a refusal on the part of the Police Magistrate; and the reporters and spectators prepared for an exit through the second story window, in case Mr. Pemberton sent his "pets" up stairs to arrest the Councilors for contempt of Court.

A running conversation was carried on over the unheard of outrage which had been perpetrated upon the dignity of the Council, until the expiration of the fatal ten minutes, when the messenger returned and reported—

Messenger—I have waited ten minutes, and the magistrate read the note, and said, "No answer is necessary."

Mr. Hicks—I recommend your worship to swear in forty special policemen. Our's is a sacred trust, and must be maintained.

Mr. Copland moved that the Mayor go down stairs and adjourn the Court.

His Worship said he must decline. He had never sat as magistrate, and did not feel like taking the initiative now.

Mr. Hicks learned that the Attorney General had said that the government had given the Councilors just power enough to make fools of them. Now, if the Council could not do the duty they were elected to do, let them resign their seats—(hear, hear.)—and appeal to the Home Government in scorching terms to know why they were kept thus. Let the men guilty of this wrong be held up in their true light—let the city be taxed \$10,000 to pay the expenses of a delegate to England who would show the government how the colonists had been treated; but so long as Councilors sat meekly down and submitted to every description of insult—submitted tamely to the feet of the rulers being placed on their necks—could they expect justice? No! a thousand times no! He (Mr. Hicks) when he landed on these shores had said, "Thank God, I am again on British soil—thank God, the British flag once more waves o'er me!" But how sadly had he been mistaken, and how often had he wished himself back again in a colony where representative institutions prevailed.

He was prepared to go any length to maintain the dignity and right of the city—he would follow the Mayor in the exercise of his functions, and even if blood was spilt he was with him.

The Mayor, for reasons already stated, did not wish to go to extremities to-night.

Mr. Copland wished to look at this matter calmly and deliberately—had weighed the matter well in his mind, and believed the property was the city's. Like Councilor Hicks, he too had felt proud when he first set foot ashore here to know that he was on British soil once more. But he took back all that pride when he found himself in a British Colony where British institutions were so sadly misrepresented. If the Mayor was Chief Magistrate, who was above him but the Governor? [Applause.] The petty Magistrate says to the Chief Magistrate, "I want this room; you may take the one up stairs." This was a great indignity. It was the duty of the petty Magistrate to have adjourned his court at the summons of the Chief Magistrate, and to have come up stairs himself. That was the proper course to be pursued in a British Colony.

Mr. Searby—Councillor Copland, time's going.

Mr. Copland was aware of that, but wished to state that the Police Magistrate was wrong. Let the Corporation be dignified, but let it maintain its rights at all hazards. He would therefore move to adjourn until to-morrow evening, and in the meantime every member should consider the subject well.

Mr. Reid believed that an adjournment for a fortnight should take place, and that a public meeting should be held on the subject. Let the adjournment be for two weeks.

Mr. Stronach thought a two weeks' adjournment bad policy, and moved an adjournment until Friday evening next. A public meeting might be held on Wednesday evening, and a fair expression of public opinion obtained. The public mind should be reached while warm on the subject. A great deal had been done by the Council but nothing had become law.

Mr. Reid said that the Council might sit

for a twelvemonth and nothing become law. Let the right of the Council to the place be tested now.

Mr. Lewis seconded Mr. Stronach's amendment, and suggested that counsel be employed by the Corporation.

Mr. Reid was anxious the public should understand that it was the fault of the Government, not giving the Council a place to meet in, that nothing was done.

Mr. Hicks liked the suggestion for a public meeting on Wednesday night, presided over by the Mayor.

Amid considerable confusion caused by the offering of half a dozen motions and amendments, the question on an adjournment until Friday evening was put to the meeting and carried, and the Council broke up.

And thus ended the first battle for the possession of the city property. Happily it proved bloodless; but it looked sanguinary enough at first.

THE SEAMAN'S BRIDE SUITS.—The investigation into the trouble to which this vessel has been brought (and she is not the first "seaman's bride" that has got herself into trouble since sailors commenced to navigate the deep) was continued yesterday in the Police Court. Witnesses were called to prove that there was no lime juice served out to the passengers; no mustard; but little pepper; bad butter and short weight; maggoty flour; stinking beef, etc., etc., and so on throughout the entire length and breadth of the dietary scale. Little of the food was pronounced good—some was indifferent—and the balance was of the worst possible description. Dr. Davis was called, as a scientific witness, to testify as to the quality of samples of butter and flour produced in Court. The doctor smelled the "butter," and pronounced it cart-grease, not fit for human food—might suit pigs with strong stomachs. The doctor next examined the flour microscopically, and discovered two weevils (*alias* maggots), wiggling through it—choice specimens of "animated nature"—and thought that bread made out of that flour and buttered with that butter would be injurious to health; the strong butter might assist a weak constitution, but it was doubtful. Councillor Searby (chemist) examined the butter, and discovered the presence of butyric acid and butyric ether therein—generated by age; if old that the butter was butter, wouldn't believe the statement at first sight; after an examination would believe that it was butter, but of a very bad quality; it was bad for food. A good article of butter, if kept too long, would generate acid and ether; but Mr. Searby questioned if the sample shown ever was good. A stevedore passenger swore that nothing but naked rush-lights were used in the steerage—that they smoked badly—that the doctor came down drunk one night into the steerage and blacked a passenger's two eyes—that the open lights set the ship on fire once and came near sending them to Davy Jones—that the water was short for eight days previous to reaching "Frisco," and the food generally bad. The case for the prosecution was closed about six o'clock, when the Purser of the vessel was called for the defence. At 8 o'clock the court adjourned until nine o'clock this morning, with the understanding that the sitting should last until three o'clock p. m.

FROM COWICHAN.—The gunboat Grappler arrived yesterday from Cowichan Valley.

The settlers are in good trim and many are preparing cabins for winter. Copper has been discovered near the settlement by Capt. Wm. Jeffray of this city, who brought some fine specimens with him. The lead is pronounced rich and extensive. An Indian shot another dead near the settlement on Thursday. He was arrested by Mr. Harris, Indian agent, and sent to Nanaimo for trial. Game in the valley and surrounding hills abound in great plenty.

THE FRENCH MINISTER at Washington, having been informed that several shipments of stores and ammunitions of war had been forwarded from New York to Mexico via Panama to Acapulco and Mazatlan, has given the order to the French squadron in the Pacific to watch closely the Mexican coast and not to let any contraband of war go through. It is not improbable that the French may soon declare a blockade of the whole coast of Mexico.

NEW ENGINE.—The Tiger Engine Company expect their new apparatus on the steamer, and will parade with it and give a collation.

THE BACCHANTE awaits the arrival of the mail steamer before starting for the southern coast.

THE SHUBRICK came into the harbor last evening.

THE GUNBOAT Forward returned from San Juan Island yesterday.

THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY will not meet until Thursday next.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.—The people's friend, MIKE COHRN, the original Cheap John, has removed his splendid assortment of goods from his old stand on Yates street to the Eldorado Building adjoining, where he will be extremely happy to meet and supply the wants of all old customers, and all new ones as may feel disposed to give him a call. Mike's motto: Good goods at cheap rates.

VIRGINIA STATE STOCKS.—The London Times has the following remarks on the unpaid dividends on Virginia State stocks held abroad:

The dividend on the Virginia Sato debt, due here in sterling on the 1st instant, has not been paid, the answer being "no funds." This result is only such as must have been apprehended, since the State is overrun and its capital besieged by the Federal forces. It is to be hoped, however, that when these forces shall have occupied Richmond, and assumed control of the property of the State, the authorities at Washington will recognize that in seizing the property they must also assume its liabilities, and that their first duty is to see to the payment of those foreign claims which they have prevented the Secessionist officials from discharging.

WRITING ON PAPERS.—The postmasters say that the practice of conveying information by writing on papers is on the increase of late; it is well enough to inform the public that to enclose in a newspaper or other package of printed matter, writing or anything except a subscription bill or receipt, subjects the whole to letter postage. Printed slips, circulars or handbills, not legitimately pertaining to the newspaper, folded, pasted or stitched in any such printed matter also subject to the same to letter postage. Also any writing, marks or signs other than the proper address, written or printed upon a newspaper wrapper, subjects the package to letter postage, to be collected of the person to whom it was sent.

Suits against the "Seaman's Bride."

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST:—I cannot believe that you would desire intentionally to do me an injury to the public, or that you would willingly publish an article in your paper that would be calculated to produce such an effect. I therefore, relying on your sense of justice, ask you to insert this communication in refutation of the paragraph contained in your print of this morning under the above title, and which paragraph was doubtless inserted from information erroneously received by you:

Imprints.—"Sixty-five suits" have not been commenced under my auspices against the captain. Fifteen summonses were taken out on Saturday by the complainants themselves, after the hearing of the Crown cases. These are all, and with regard to them you and the public shall judge if I have "fostered litigation."

On the four Crown summonses being issued I wrote to Mr. Courtney, the captain's solicitor, as follows:

Sept. 12th, 1862.

PASSENGERS vs. WYMAN—SEAMAN'S BRIDE.

DEAR SIR:—I have to issue from 15 to 20 summonses more herein on behalf of the passengers, who claim compensation under the 73d section of the "Passengers Act." As, however, I do not wish to put the captain to any more expense than can possibly be avoided, I shall be glad to know if he will attend in Court to-morrow and answer to the several charges if he were summoned. I will furnish you with a list of the complaints if desired.

Yours, very truly,

ROBERT BISHOP.

To this letter I received the following reply:

"12th September, 1862.

"SEAMAN'S BRIDE" CASE vs. WYMAN.

I am in receipt of your favor, and in reply beg to say that I cannot accede to your proposition to forego the usual summons mentioned in your letter addressed.

Yours, truly,

HENRY C. COURTNEY.

"ROBERT BISHOP."

After the four Crown cases had been heard on Saturday, and before one of the 15 passenger summonses had been issued, I asked the captain and his solicitor if he would allow one case to decide the whole? in which event one summons only would have been issued; this he declined. I then in the presence, and at the suggestion of the magistrate, inquired of the captain—his solicitor standing by—whether he would agree to submit the matter in dispute with his passengers to the arbitration of two merchants; one to be chosen on either side? This he also peremptorily refused, and added, "I will try it by the law." What further, I would ask, could have been done to avoid litigation and save expense?

I make no comment *pro* or *con*, as to the merits of the several cases, they being *sub judice*; but I may add that the error as to the number of suits may have been caused by the fact of their being upwards of sixty complainants.

Yours faithfully,

ROBERT BISHOP.

Government street, Sept. 15th, 1862.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC DOCTRINE ON DUELLING.—Dr. Dixon, the Roman Catholic Priest in Ireland, has issued a thesis on this subject. It is published apropos of the recent challenge by the O'Donoghue to Sir Robert Peel, and appears in the shape of a letter dated Armagh, March 19th, addressed to the editor of a newspaper. We extract as follows:

I speak of the Catholic duellists as such; that is to say, I speak of them precisely in their character of duellists—in other words, I speak not immediately and directly of the person, but the act. Having premised these observations, I now assert, without the least fear of being contradicted by any one who understands the doctrine and practice of the Catholic Church—

1. That a Catholic duellist, as such, must be held in abhorrence by every one who loves our Divine Lord, by every one who hates mortal sin and has a due horror of an act whereby the Holy Church of God has an exceeding great horror.

2. That the Catholic duellist, as such, proves himself to be in reality a coward, according to the true Christian meaning of the words cowardice and heroism.

I am, dear sir, your faithful servant,

JOSEPH DIXON.

Gordon Cumming, the great lion slayer, was telling Rogers one day how he once came, unarmed, upon a huge lion.

"Thinking to frighten him, I ran at him with all my might," said the hunter.

"Whereupon," said Rogers, "he ran away with all his might, I suppose?"

"Exactly so," said Cumming.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, V. L.

ARRIVED.

Sept 15—Ship H. L. Tibbals, Peel, Port Townsend Sch Harriott, Coffin, Port Townsend

CREAKED.

Sch W. L. Richardson, Collins, San Francisco

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS should be in the possession of everybody in the mining region. As a preventive of various dangerous diseases to which the gold seeker is liable, it has no superior. While it is quite palatable even as a beverage, it is speedily and powerfully in its effects upon the system. In all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery and the prevailing fevers consequent upon exposure, the Bitters will be found invaluable as a corrective. No man should enter upon the exposed camp life of a miner without being provided with Hostetter's preventive of stomach disease, nor should any of those who are engaged in the occupation, fail to have recourse to the Bitters.

W. H. OLIVER, Agent for Victoria.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are undeniably the finest Medicine in the world for Biliousness and Indigestion. In all cases of deranged stomach, determination of blood to the head, bilious headache, liver and stomach complaints, there is no medicine known that will give such immediate relief as these renowned Pills; young and old, rich or poor, patronise them, and so many cures are effected by their use, that their praise is sounded from the temperate climate to the frigid zone; in truth, persons who travel consider them a necessary requisite.

During the overland journey to India, the blood becomes overheated, the liver torpid, the skin covered with prickly heat, and the whole system languid and exhausted. Nothing so soon gives relief as Holloway's Pills.

Only Give it a Fair Trial.—We ask no more of any one, than to give Jany's Expectorant a fair trial, to prove that it will cure the various diseases for which it is recommended sooner and more effectually than any other remedy. You therefore, who suffer with Pulmonary Affections, should not delay, but immediately procure a bottle of this Expectorant, and by its use not only save your lungs much suffering, but probably from an early death.

Sold by CURTIS & MOORE and LANGLEY BROS.

ASTHMA.—From Rev. D. Letts, Frankfort, Ill.: "An old lady of our acquaintance has been greatly afflicted with Asthma for many years, and has tried a multiplicity of prescriptions, with little or no effect. My wife sent her a part of a box of the 'Bronchial Troches,'—after a few days we heard that she found great relief from their use, and to-day she sent a messenger some five miles to procure more; we had only one box left, but could not refuse it." "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, are sold throughout the United States.

Agricultural & Horticultural

SOCIETY

—OF—

VANCOUVER ISLAND.

AUGUST 20th, 1862.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society was held this day at the office of James Lowe, Esq.

Present—Dr. Tolmie, President; Mr. A. C. Anderson, Vice President; Messrs. James Lowe, D. Leneuve, J. T. Tidwell.

On motion, ordered that the Exhibition be held on the 1st day of October next, and that the following be the

PREMIUM LIST

FOR THIS YEAR.

CLASS A.

SECTION 1—STALLIONS.
For the best Stallion for agricultural purposes \$10 00
For the 2d best do. do. 5 00
For the best thorough bred Stallion 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00

SECTION 2—BROOD MARES.
For the best brood Mare for agricultural purposes 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00
For the best thorough bred brood Mare 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00

CLASS B.

SECTION 3—BULLS.

For the best yearling, calved after the 1st of January, 1861, 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For 3rd best do. do. Honorary Certificate.
For the best two year old, calved after the 1st of January, 1860, 5 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For 3rd best do. do. Honorary Certificate.

For the best three year old, calved after the 1st of January, 1859, 2 00
For 2d best do. do. 1 00
For the best Bull of any age 10 00
For the best pair of Working Oxen 8 00
For 2d best do. do. 4 00

SECTION 4—HEIFERS AND COWS.
For the best yearling, calved after the 1st of January, 1861, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 1 00
For the best two year old, calved after the 1st of January, 1860, 5 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For the best three year old, calved after the 1st of January, 1859, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best Cow of any age 10 00

SECTION 5—RAMS.
For the best Ram Lamb, lambed after the 1st of January, 1862, 5 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For the best Hogget or Gimmer, lambed after the 1st of January, 1861, 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00
For the best 2 shear, lambed after the 1st of January, 1860, 2 00
For 2d best do. do. 1 00
For the best Ram of any age 5 00

SECTION 6—EWES AND LAMBS.
For the best pen of 5 Lambs, lambed after the 1st of January, 1862, 5 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For the best pen of 5 Ewes, 8 00
For 2d best do. do. 3 00
For the best two samples of wool: The best fleece of fine wool 5 00
" " by length of staple 5 00

SECTION 7—BOARS.
For the best Boar, 10 00
For 2d best do. 5 00

SECTION 8—SOWS.
For the best Brood Sow, 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00
For the best Sow with sucking litter 10 00
For 2d best do. do. 5 00

CLASS C.

SECTION 9.

For the best bushel of Wheat, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best bushel of Barley, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best bushel of Oats, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best bushel of field Peas, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best bushel of field Beans, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best samples of Timothy, Clover, Rye, and Grass Seeds, in quantities of not less than one peck, each, 2 00
For the best samples of Garden Seeds, 2 00

SECTION 10—FIELD GROWTH.
For the best 6 field growth Swedish Turnips 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best 6 Bullock Turnips 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best 6 roots of Mangelswurzel 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best Carrots, 12 roots, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best bushel of Potatoes produced, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best 12 Parsnips, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00
For the best 6 Cabbage-heads, 3 00
For 2d best do. do. 2 00

CLASS D.

SECTION 11—

